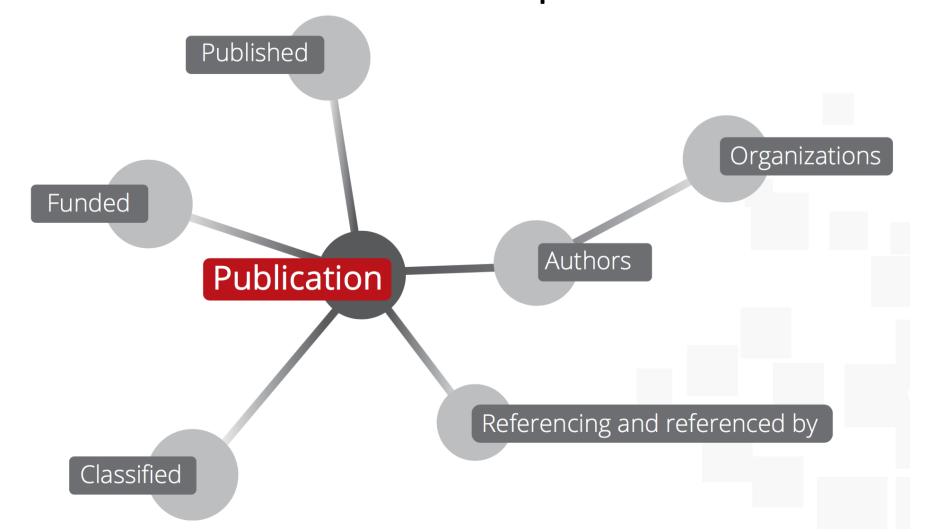
# From Information Stewardship to Data Science Fluency - The changing expectations of Research Information Citizens.

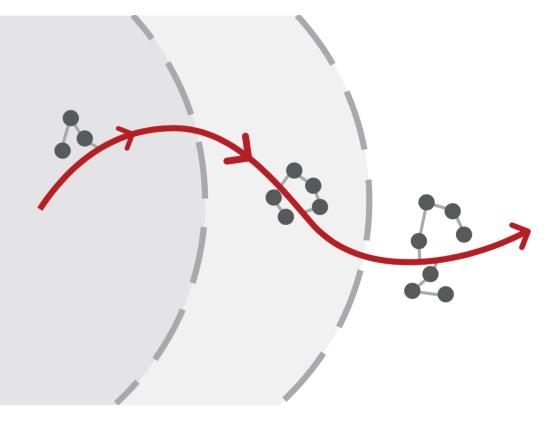
Simon Porter
Director Digital Science
Digital Science
@sjcporter

### Consider the structure of a publication



### Consider how it travels, influencing the world around it

- Connecting people to ideas through its discovery
- Creating research identity through aggregation
- Enabling assessment, and supporting strategic decisions around research investment

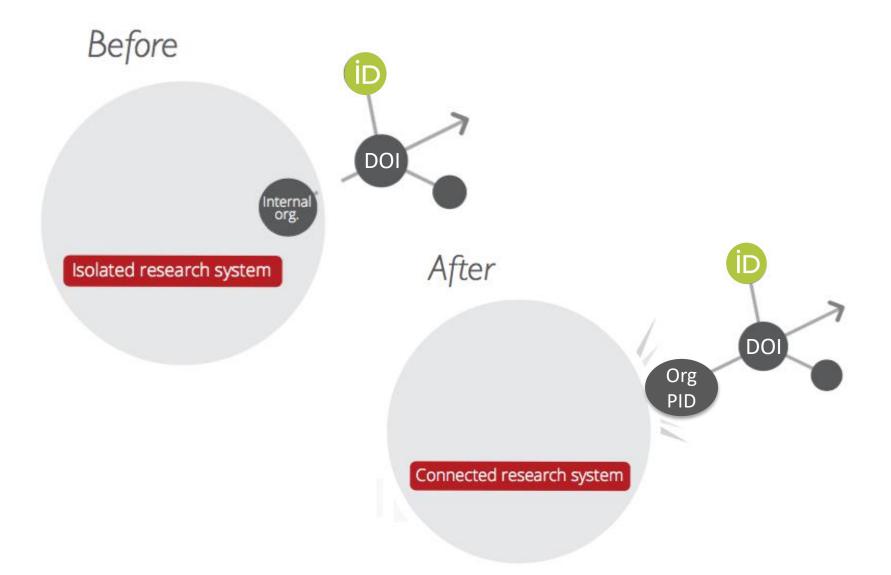


All the time gathering further context and value

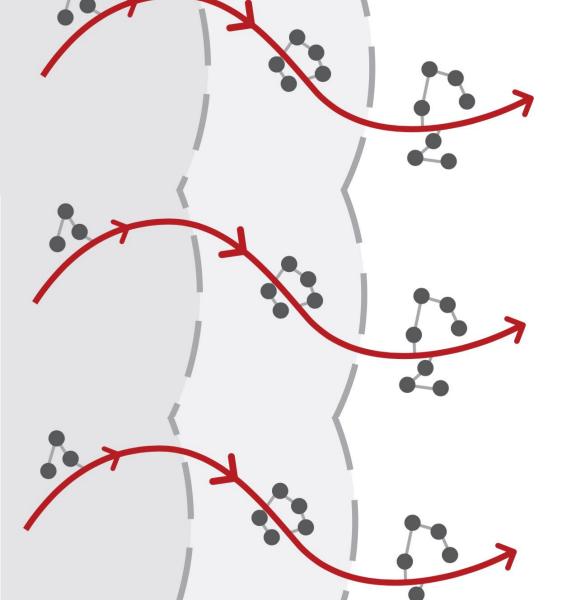
### The Laws of Research Data Mechanics

# 3rd Law of Research Data Mechanics Research particles can only exist in an openly available shared context

(lets call it PID's Law)



### 2nd Law of Research Data Mechanics Research Information has maximum utility to the sector when its progress through the system encounters minimal latency



We need to make a change from periodic reporting to harnessing a flow of research molecules\*

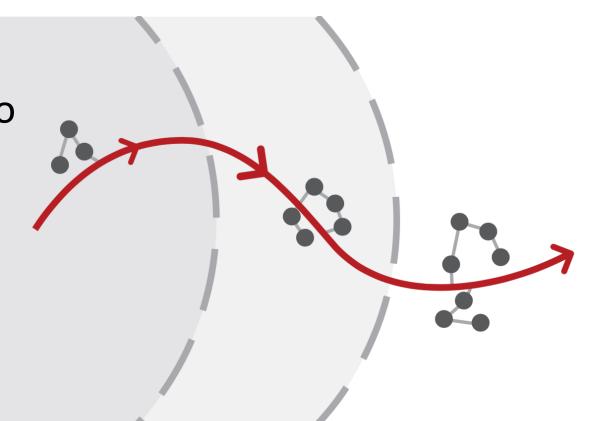
\*such as publications, grants, datasets, patents....

### Research Data Mechanics...





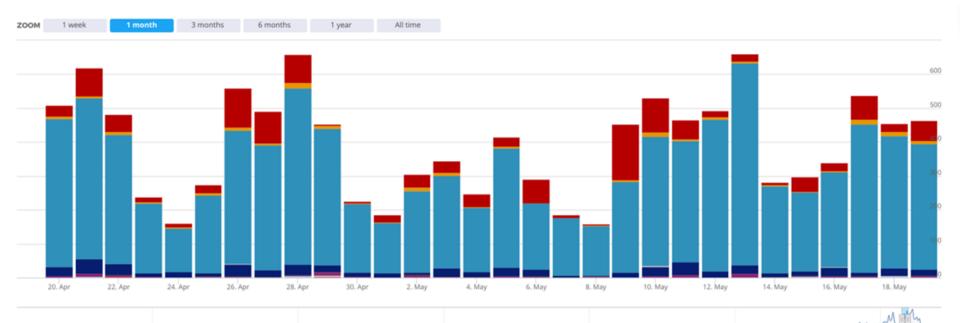
In learning how to integrate, institutions are gaining new capabilities



### In the connecting we get new data





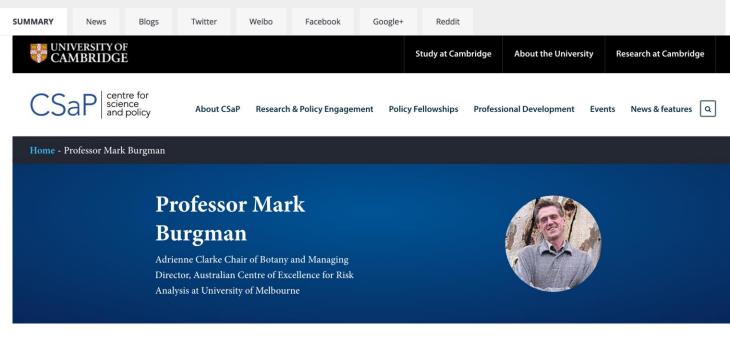


### New perspectives

### Policy: Twenty tips for interpreting scientific claims

Overview of attention for article published in Nature, November 2013





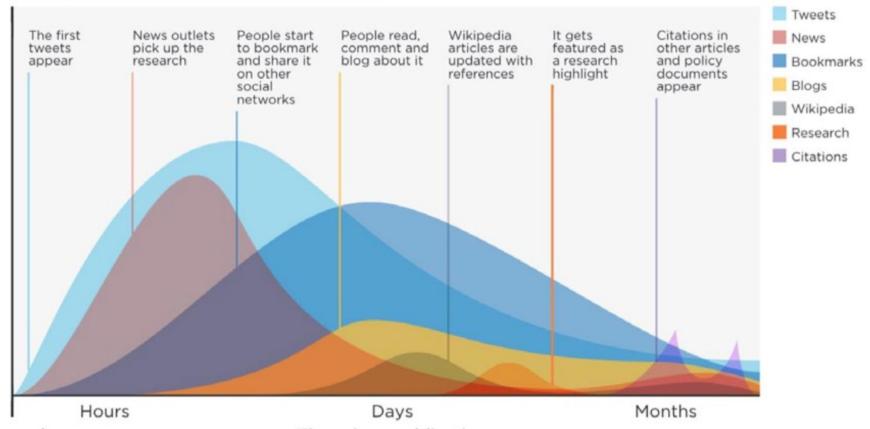


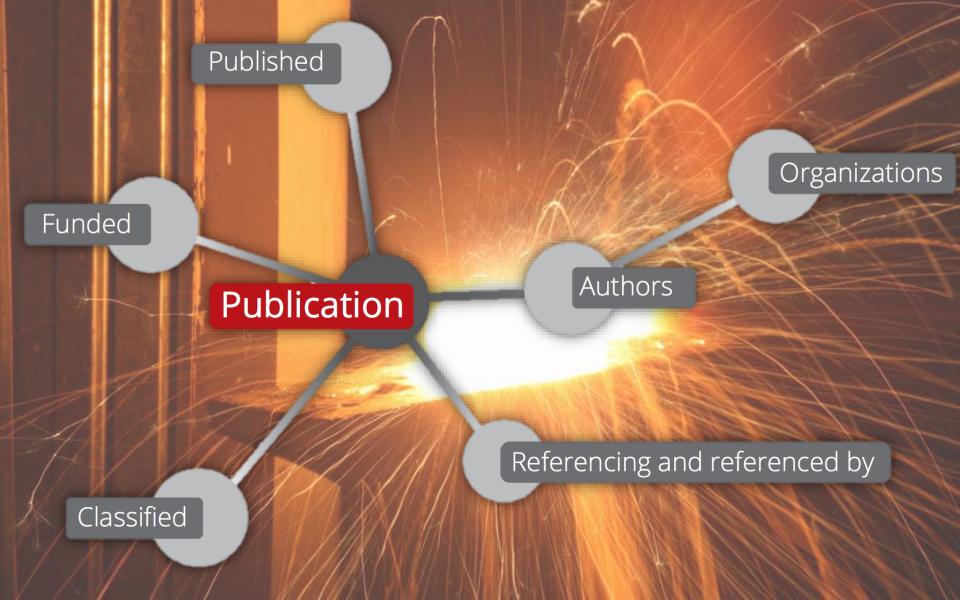
Adrienne Clarke Chair of Botany and Managing Director, Australian Centre of Excellence for Risk Analysis, University of Melbourne

For Mark's tips to policy makers on interpreting scientific claims, see his paper published in Nature in November 2013 <a href="here">here</a>.

## And new imperatives for real time reporting

A typical timeline of attention





### Publisher Responsibilities

### Requiring ORCID in Publication Workflows: Open Letter

Major publishers have committed to requiring ORCID iDs in the publishing process for their journals and invite other publishers to do the same.

In November, 2015, a group of publishers asked ORCID to help facilitate communications about their plans to require authors to use an ORCID iD, including hosting this open letter explaining their rationale, developing best practices for using iDs in publishing, and maintaining the signatory list. The publishers' goal is to encourage others to join them in supporting the adoption of ORCID. Publishers signing this open letter are committing to requiring ORCID iDs during 2016 following specific implementation standards.



Close the gap between the act of research collaboration, and reporting on it



### Administration







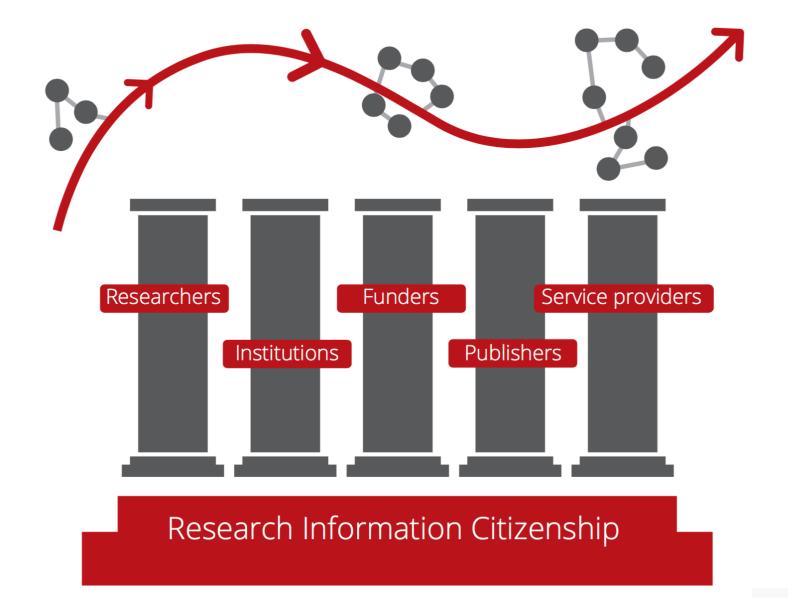






### 1st Law of Research Data Mechanics

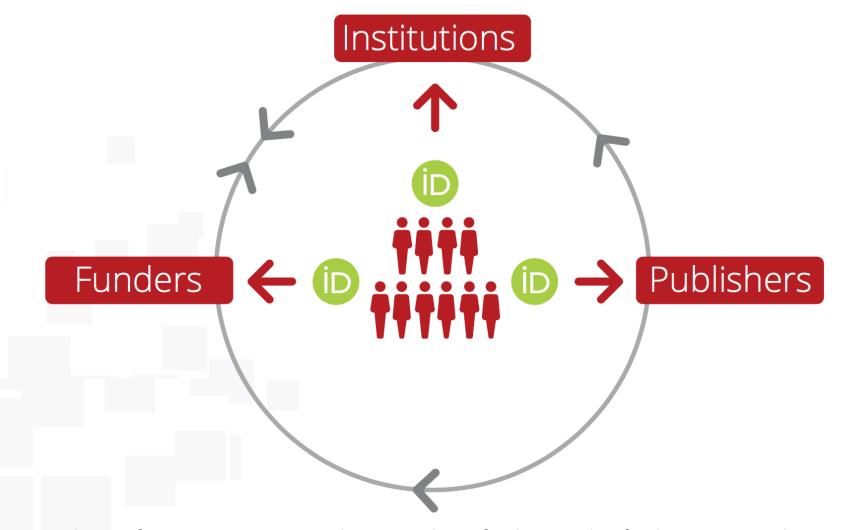
A research particle can only travel through a space created by its Research Information Citizens



### What Is Research Information Citizenship?

## Institutions Funders D Publishers

The common adoption of Research Information Infrastructure is a good start....



It is when Information practices change to benefit the needs of other Citizens that Research Information Citizenship takes hold

# Research Information Citizenship Workshops

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1BmFRrij/ O7efxzstco4lesKr9hIWAKhynOuTlilFGL/edit?usp=sharing

### **FSCI** Research Information Citizenship Is?

Initial Document: Lightning workshop at Pidapalooza 2018

- Institutional perspectives added at VIVO 2018
- New revisions added as FSCI 2018

#### References:

whitepaper

https://figshare.com/articles/Digital Science White Paper A New Research Data Mechanics \_/3514859

Research Information Citizenship presentation:

https://figshare.com/articles/Exploring the relationship between persistent identifiers and research information citizenship/4220454

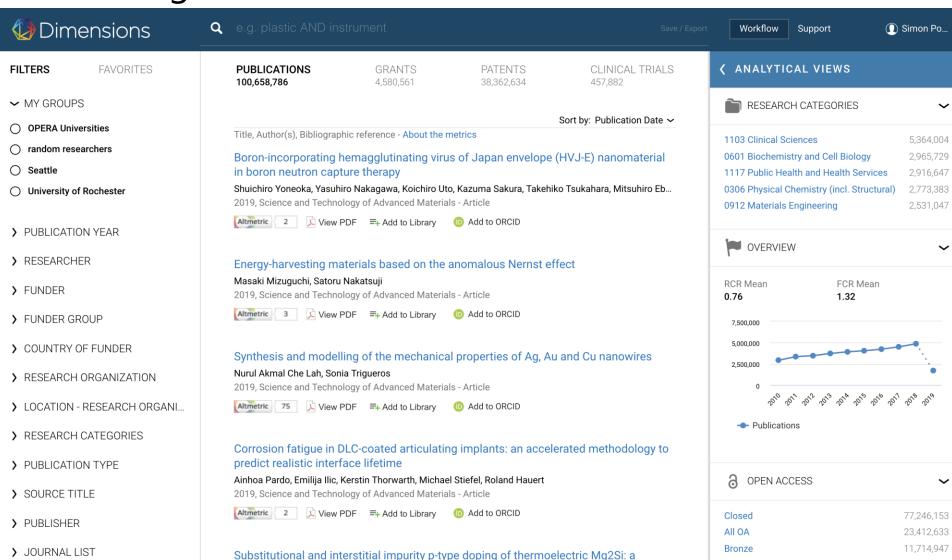
If we are Research Information Citizens...

- Who are we?
- · What do we believe?
- · What languages do we speak?
- What are our responsibilities?
- How do we work together?
- · What are our social norms?
- How self aware are we as a Research Information Society?
- What is Missing?

### Who are we?

- Government
- Labs, facilities, etc
- Universities
- Citizens!
- Libraries
- ResearchersAspiring politicians
- Funders

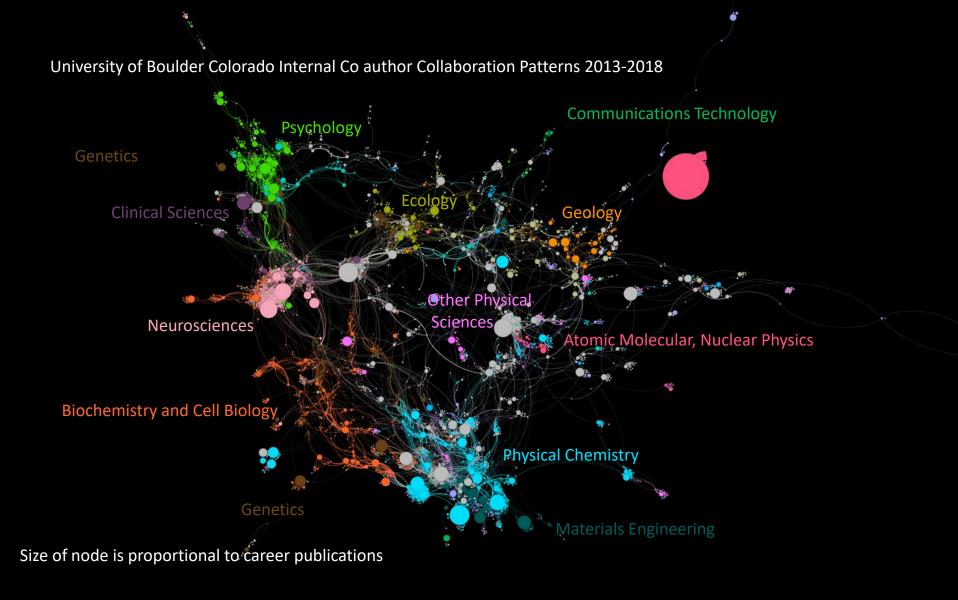
### Making the most of our new information universe

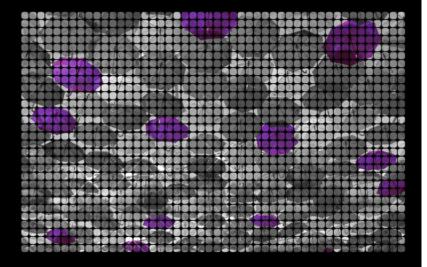


Dura Cald

### Making the most of our new information universe







### **Digital Research Reports**

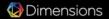
### Gender Representation in UK Research Institutions

An analysis of gender representation by field of research at UK institutions

Dr Helene Draux, Simon Porter, Ricarda Beck and Dr Suze Kundu Foreword by James Greenwood-Lush and discussion by Dr Jessica Hamer

**JANUARY 2019** 





### Gender Representation in UK Research Institutions (2012-2017)

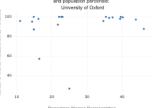
The following gender analysis was produced using the Dimensions API as at (11th Jan 2019). The gender of author names were obtained using the python package gender guesser.

#### Select a University to view Gender Representation by Field of Research

University of Oxford

Education	46%	10	36%	12%
Psychology and Cognitive Sciences	42%		40%	12%
Medical and Health Sciences	40%	3%	34%	14%
Law and Legal Studies	39%		475	7%
Language, Communication and Culture	39%	5% BM	42%	10%
Biological Sciences	27%	His	45%	5%
Studies in Human Society	36%		42%	14%
Environmental Sciences	36%	6%	48%	ers.
History and Archaeology	34%	49%		11%
Agricultural and Veterinary Sciences	25% 1E%	12%		32%
Chemical Sciences	23% 6%	51%		14%
Economica	22%	42X		9%
Philosophy and Religious Studies	22%	41%		11%
Earth Sciences	21% 3%	5/K		16%
Commerce, Management, Tourism and Services	18%	69%		9%
Information and Computing Sciences	10% (1%)	97%		16%
Technology	14% B%			32%
Physical Sciences	14% 3%	53%		26%
Engineering	14% 2%	58%		22%
Mathematical Sciences	10% 8%	475		12%

FOR by percentage Women Representation and population percentile:



### Select a Field of Research to view Gender Representation by Institution

Medical and Health Sciences

British Nutrition Foundation	75%	5N8N 15%
Marie Curie Hospice	71%	41.4% 12%
NatCen Social Research	76%	5% 54% 55
Healthcare Improvement Scotland	40%	31%
Queen Margaret University	66%	M 17% 9%
Natural History Museum	45%	30%
RAND Europe	61%	20% 77
tensive Care National Audit & Research Centre	61%	28 196 196
ds and York Partnership NHS Foundation Trust	61%	300N TN 23%
Centerbury Christ Church University	66%	5% 35% E
King's Fund	58%	9% 9% 22%
University of the West of England	58%	30% 75
ford Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	57%	6% 24% 52%
don School of Economics and Political Science	57%	30% 12%
Oxford Health NHS Foundation Trust	57%	27% 15%
Edinburgh Napier University	57%	5% 26% E
University of West London	S7%	34% 8%
Medway School of Pharmacy	56%	45 E% 35%
set Hospital for Children NHS Foundation Trust	56%	22% 10%
Carroar Research UK Clinical Trials Unit	55%	36% 13%

Institutions by percentage Women Representation and population percentile:

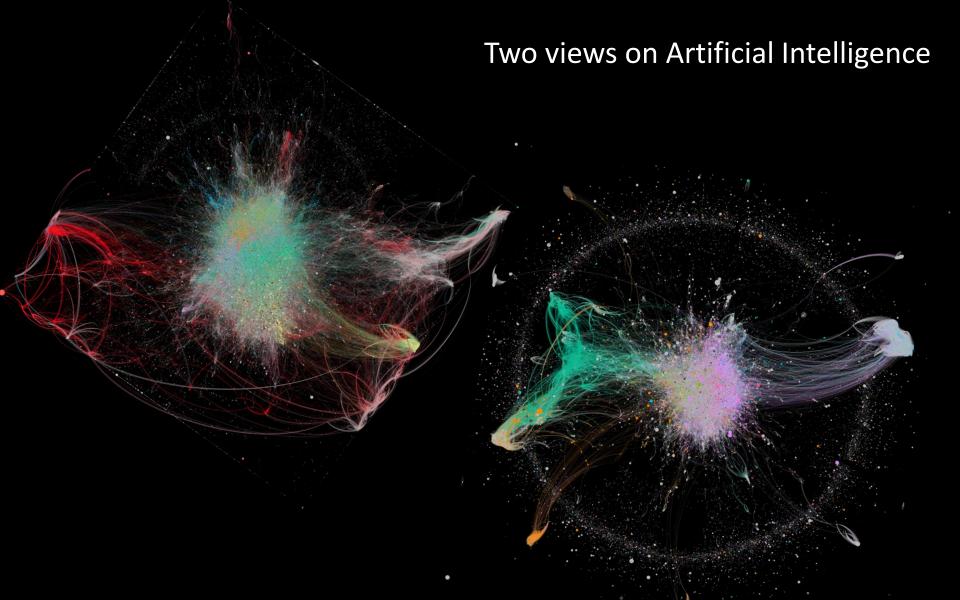


Percentage Women Representation

Percentage Women Researchers Histogram.

Medical and Health Sciences

Percentage Representation









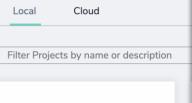
**Projects** 







### Projects





Create New

**Import Existing** 





### topic-modeling-pipeline

sjcporter Created on 03/09/19 Modified 3 days ago

Topic Modeling Pipeline

